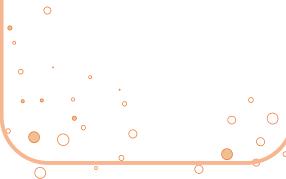


Brain size does not determine intelligence.



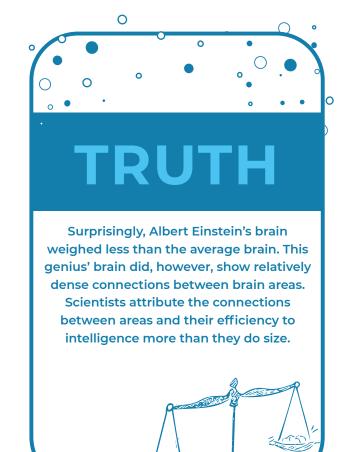
CUT ACROSS THIS LINE



TRUTH OR MYTH?

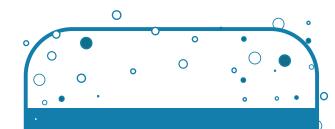
Human brains have shrunk over the last 20,000 years.





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FOLD ACROSS THIS LINE



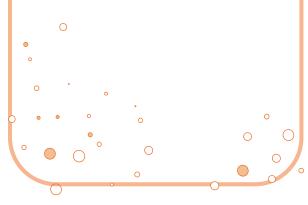
TRUTH

Scientists speculate that human brain shrinkage might be due to a number of factors:

- As populations became less aggressive, humans went through "domestication", a process known in animals to be associated with shrinking brain sizes.
- Warmer climates caused smaller body size and thus smaller brains.
- Increased social networks are associated with smaller brain size. In other words, instead of dying out through natural selection, our smaller-brained ancestors survived with a little help from their friends.



The brain is good at multitasking.

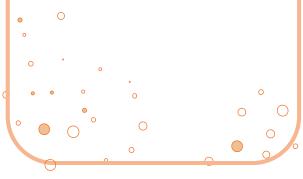


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TRUTH OR MYTH?

Learning occurs when new cells are added to the brain.





MYTH

If you define multitasking in terms of voluntary tasks which require attention, the brain is not a good multitasker. While involuntary tasks such as regulating blood pressure and breathing can be done simultaneously, the brain cannot attend to two or more attention-rich stimuli at the exact same time. Instead, the brain quickly switches back and forth between tasks, a process known as "context-switching."

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MYTH

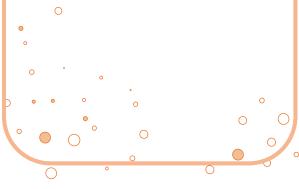
New cells can, in fact, be added to the brain.

However, learning doesn't require the
addition of new brain cells. Learning
occurs as the connections between brain
cells change. When you learn a new skill, like
a language or a sport, cells in your brain fire
together and create associations. The more
you practice something new, the stronger
that connection becomes. A common saying
describing learning in the brain is
"cells that fire together, wire together."





All human brains start off as female in the womb.



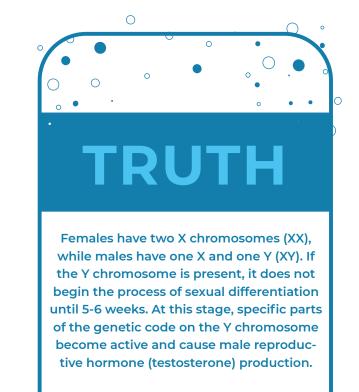
CUT ACROSS THIS LINE



TRUTH OR MYTH?

The brain does not have any pain receptors.









TRUTH

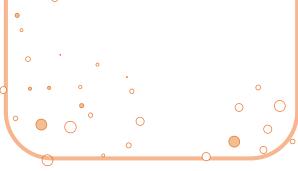
Pain is felt via sensory nerve fibers called nociceptors. Interestingly, the brain can perceive pain signals from nociceptors sent from all over the body, but because the brain itself does not have any, it does not feel pain. If someone poked your brain tissue, you wouldn't feel it! However, structures surrounding the brain contain pain receptors, and when those are activated, it may feel like pain in your brain.



FOLD ACROSS THIS LINE



Your brain is fully developed by the age of 18.



FOLD ACROSS THIS LINE



MYTH

Brain development continues well past adolescence and into adulthood. In particular, the prefrontal cortex, which is important for reasoning and decision-making, does not fully mature until we reach our mid-twenties.





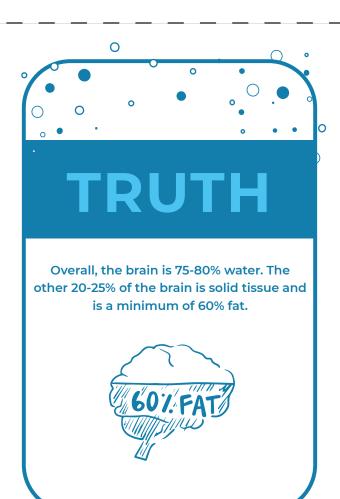


TRUTH OR MYTH?

The brain is the fattiest organ in the body.

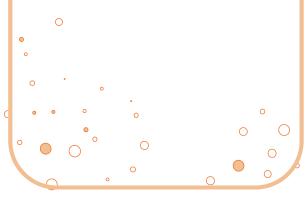




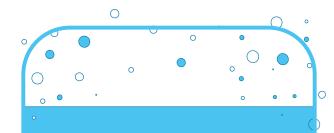




You only use 10% of your brain.



FOLD ACROSS THIS LINE



MYTH

The myth of 10% brain usage dates back almost a century. In 2013, 65% of Americans believed this myth. In reality, unless there is brain damage, most areas of the brain are active all the time to some degree. Even when you think you are not using your brain, such as during sleep, brain scans have revealed that widespread neural networks are active and working together.



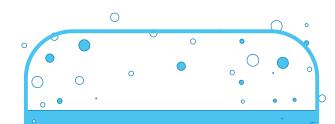
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TRUTH OR MYTH?

You are either left or right brain dominant.
This will determine whether you are more creative or more logical.



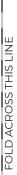


MYTH

Contrary to popular belief and the hundreds of memes and images that perpetuate this myth, humans cannot easily be categorized as left or right brain dominant depending on their personalities. In fact, many talents once attributed to one side of the brain or the other, like creativity, language processing, spatial ability, and logic, require the integrated teamwork of both the left and right brain.



The spinal cord stops growing around age four or five.





TRUTH

Your spinal cord is part of your central nervous system, along with your brain.
Your spinal cord will grow approximately 16-20 inches in the first four to five years of your life and then it stops. Your body continues to grow around it.



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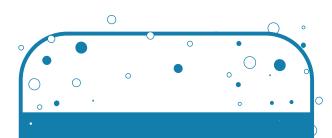
TRUTH OR MYTH?

Some people can taste shapes and colors.





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TRUTH

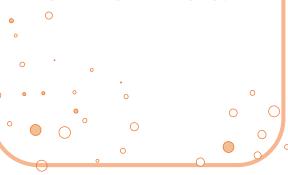
The phenomenon, known as synesthesia, comes from a Greek word meaning "to perceive together." People with this ability may hear, smell, taste, or feel pain in color. Others might taste shapes or experience colors or tactile sensations when in the presence of music.

Although scientists are still trying to understand how this phenomenon works, they have found irregularities in the brains of synesthetes using neuroimaging studies. For example, in those who report colored hearing, visual areas of the brain show increased activation in response to sound.





Humans have the largest brain of all mammals.



FOLD ACROSS THIS LINE



MYTH

Sperm whales hold the trophy for the largest brain of any living species!

Although sperm whale brains are more than five times as large as human brains, humans still hold the record for the species with the largest brain relative to body size, otherwise known as "encephalization quotient."





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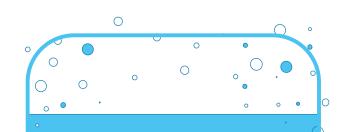


TRUTH OR MYTH?

You are born with a set number of brain cells.







MYTH

Although the previous statement is true for many parts of the brain, there is a general consensus that humans do indeed produce new neurons in a brain region known as the hippocampus into adulthood. The hippocampus is involved in mood, memory, and reward.



