Financial Statements

December 31, 2024 and 2023



Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors The Charles A. Dana Foundation, Incorporated

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Charles A. Dana Foundation, Incorporated (the "Foundation"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Foundation as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

The Board of Directors The Charles A. Dana Foundation, Incorporated Page 2

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

August 21, 2025

PKF O'Connor Davies LLP

Statements of Financial Position

	December 31,			
		2024		2023
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,810,079	\$	13,693,050
Prepaid federal excise tax and federal and state	Ψ	0,010,010	Ψ	10,000,000
unrelated business income taxes		290,431		393,587
Investments		272,523,399		243,542,917
Prepaid expenses		524		491
Security deposits		31,471		31,471
Right of use assets - operating lease		717,768		975,996
	<u>\$</u>	279,373,672	<u>\$</u>	258,637,512
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	103,439	\$	299,389
Unpaid grant awards	Ψ	7,439,999	Ψ	7,999,916
Deferred federal excise tax		1,533,407		730,000
Postretirement benefit obligation		2,306,443		2,481,316
Operating lease liabilities		907,014		1,238,498
Total Liabilities		12,290,302		12,749,119
Net assets, without donor restrictions		267,083,370		245,888,393
	\$	279,373,672	<u>\$</u>	258,637,512

Statements of Activities

	Year Ended			
	December 31,			
	2024	2023		
INCOME				
Investment Return				
Dividends and interest	\$ 886,633	\$ 627,004		
Net realized gain from sales and redemptions				
of securities and limited partnership interests	2,213,109	4,592,222		
Unrealized appreciation of investments	33,885,054	27,338,904		
	36,984,796	32,558,130		
Less investment expenses	517,080	473,144		
Total Investment Return	36,467,716	32,084,986		
Other income	8,920	26,688		
Total Income, Net of Investment Return	36,476,636	32,111,674		
EXPENSES				
Grant awards	7,992,649	9,288,827		
Direct charitable activities	3,880,096	3,922,677		
Operations and governance	2,686,014	2,469,418		
Federal excise and unrelated business tax provision	207,679	102,395		
Deferred federal excise tax provision	803,407	330,000		
Total Expenses	15,569,845	16,113,317		
Change in Net Assets Before Postretirement				
Benefit Obligation Adjustment	20,906,791	15,998,357		
- 5	-,,	-,,		
Postretirement benefit obligation adjustment	288,186	131,000		
Change in Net Assets	21,194,977	16,129,357		
NET ACCETO				
NET ASSETS Reginning of year	245 888 302	220 750 026		
Beginning of year	245,888,393	229,759,036		
End of year	\$ 267,083,370	\$ 245,888,393		

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended			
	December 31,			
	2024	2023		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Change in net assets	\$ 21,194,977	\$ 16,129,357		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets				
to net cash from operating activities				
Amortization of right of use assets - operating lease	258,228	250,062		
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments	(36,098,163)	(31,931,126)		
Postretirement benefit obligation adjustment	(288,186)	(131,000)		
Deferred federal excise tax	803,407	330,000		
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Accounts and interest receivable	-	1,822		
Prepaid federal excise tax and federal and state				
unrelated business income taxes	103,156	-		
Prepaid expenses	(33)	(34)		
Security deposits	(405.050)	35,189		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(195,950)	167,547		
Unpaid grant awards	(559,917)	6,730,710		
Postretirement benefit obligation	113,313	73,501		
Operating lease liabilities	(331,484)	(109,654)		
Net Cash From Operating Activities	(15,000,652)	(8,453,626)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of investments	(53,081,639)	(50,763,111)		
Proceeds from sale of investments	60,199,320	67,677,236		
Net Cash From Investing Activities	7,117,681	16,914,125		
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(7,882,971)	8,460,499		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year	13,693,050	5,232,551		
Endoforce	Ф Б 040 070	<u> ተ </u>		
End of year	\$ 5,810,079	<u>\$ 13,693,050</u>		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE CASH FLOW INFORMATION				
Federal excise and unrelated business income taxes paid	\$ 102,126	\$ 100,000		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

1. Organization

The Charles A. Dana Foundation, Incorporated (the "Foundation") is a private philanthropic organization chartered in 1950 with a particular interest in neuroscience. The Foundation is a nonprofit organization exempt from federal income taxes under the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code"), and is a private foundation as defined in Section 509(a) of the Code.

Dana Publications LLC ("Publications") was organized in 2006 as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Dana Foundation to support the charitable activities of the Foundation and is treated as a disregarded entity for tax purposes. In 2022, the Foundation chose to allocate remaining assets, less expenses of Publications to the Foundation. Publications was dissolved as of January 2023.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), which requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent short-term investments with maturities at the time of purchase of three months or less.

Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation follows U.S. GAAP guidance on Fair Value Measurements which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist. Pursuant to U.S. GAAP, alternative investments where fair value is measured using the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share as a practical expedient are not categorized with the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments Valuation

Investments are carried at fair value. The fair value of alternative investments has been estimated using NAV as reported by the management of the respective alternative investment fund. U.S. GAAP guidance provides for the use of NAV as a "Practical Expedient" for estimating fair value of alternative investments. NAV reported by each alternative investment fund is used as a practical expedient to estimate the fair value of the Foundation's interest.

Leases

The Foundation determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at inception. Leases are included in right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities in the statements of financial position. The ROU assets represent the Foundation's right to use underlying assets for the lease term, and the lease liabilities represent the Foundation's obligation to make lease payments arising from these leases. The ROU assets and lease payable, all of which arise from operating leases, were calculated based on the present value of future lease payments over the lease terms. The Foundation has made an accounting policy election to use a risk-free rate in lieu of its incremental borrowing rate to discount future lease payments. Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Foundation does not report ROU assets and lease liabilities for its short-term leases (leases with a term of 12 months or less). Instead, the lease payments of those leases are reported as lease expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Foundation has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately. Variable lease components in these leases are recognized in operating expenses in the period in which obligation is incurred.

Investment Income Recognition

Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis and dividends are recorded on the ex-dividend date. Realized gains and losses on the sale of investments are computed on the specific identification basis. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the determination of the change in net assets.

Investment Expense

Investment expense on the statements of activities consist of fees paid directly to the Foundation's investment advisors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments Risks and Uncertainties

Alternative investments consist of non-traditional, not readily marketable investments, some of which may be structured as offshore limited partnerships, venture capital funds, hedge funds, private equity funds and common trust funds. The underlying investments of such funds, whether invested in stock or other securities, are generally not currently traded in a public market and typically are subject to restrictions on resale. Values determined by investment managers and general partners of underlying securities that are thinly traded or not traded in an active market may be based on historical cost, appraisals, a review of the investees' financial results, financial condition and prospects, together with comparisons to similar companies for which quoted market prices are available or other estimates that require varying degrees of judgment.

Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuations, the estimated fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed or had such investments been liquidated, and those differences could be material.

Grant Expense

The Foundation recognizes grant expense upon award of the grant.

Postretirement Benefit Plan

The Foundation follows U.S. GAAP guidance on defined benefit plans, which requires the Foundation to recognize the funded status of the Foundation's postretirement medical and health benefits as an asset or liability in its statements of financial position with a corresponding adjustment to change in net assets in the statements of activities. The adjustment to change in net assets represents the balance of unrecognized actuarial gains/(losses) that will be subsequently recognized within net periodic cost in the future.

Net Asset Presentation

Net assets and revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, all the Foundation's net assets are without donor restrictions.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes

The Foundation's accounting policy is to provide liabilities for uncertain income tax positions when a liability is probable and estimable. Management is not aware of any violation of its tax status as a foundation exempt from income taxes. The Foundation is no longer subject to examinations by applicable taxing jurisdictions for periods prior to December 31, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The statements of activities present the expenses of the Foundation by operational classification. Refer to Note 5 for the classification of expenses by their functional allocation and policy for allocating such expenses.

Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is August 21, 2025.

3. Investments

The following tables summarize the fair value of investments valued at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, grouped by the fair value hierarchy, for those investments subject to categorization within such hierarchy:

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	2024					
	Other Investments					
		Measured at Net				
Description	Level 1	Asset Value (*)	Total			
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Commodities (Gold)	\$ 13,600,735	\$ -	\$ 13,600,735			
Fixed income securities	13,464,174	-	13,464,174			
Exchange traded funds	3,236,050	-	3,236,050			
Mutual funds	1,290,936	-	1,290,936			
Hedge Funds						
Equity long/short	-	63,316,720	63,316,720			
Global opportunities	-	55,223,698	55,223,698			
Absolute returns (**)	-	64,906,709	64,906,709			
Private equity investments (**)	-	31,635,918	31,635,918			
Venture capital investments (**)	-	23,629,017	23,629,017			
Real assets (**)	<u>-</u>	2,219,442	2,219,442			
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$ 31,591,895	\$ 240,931,504	\$ 272,523,399			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

3. Investments (continued)

	2023					
B		1 14	Me	er Investments easured at Net		T
Description	Level 1		A	sset Value (*)	_	Total
Commodities (Gold)	\$	13,277,713	\$	-	\$	13,277,713
Fixed income securities		16,348,672		-		16,348,672
Mutual funds		1,108,324		-		1,108,324
Hedge Funds						
Equity long/short		-		50,660,209		50,660,209
Global opportunities		-		49,808,470		49,808,470
Digital assets		-		1,433,735		1,433,735
Absolute returns (**)		-		60,909,063		60,909,063
Private equity investments (**)		-		27,608,801		27,608,801
Venture capital investments (**)		-		19,963,913		19,963,913
Real assets (**)				2,424,017		2,424,017
Total Investments at Fair Value	\$	30,734,709	\$	212,808,208	\$	243,542,917

- (*) As discussed in Note 2, investments that are measured using the practical expedient are not classified within the fair value hierarchy.
- (**) Based on its analysis of the nature and risks of these investments, the Foundation has determined that presenting them as a single class is appropriate.

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, one individual investment represented approximately 23% and 21% of total investments.

Information regarding alternative investments valued at NAV using the practical expedient at December 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Global Public Equities (see "a" below) Absolute Return Investments (see "b" below) Private Equity Investments (see "c" below) Venture Capital Funds (see "d" below) Real Asset Investments (see "e" below)	\$ 118,540,418 64,906,709 31,635,918 23,629,017 2,219,442 \$ 240,931,504	\$ 12,985,755 11,688,474 226,420 \$ 24,900,649	Daily/Weekly/Monthly/Quarterly/Annual Quarterly/Annual/Biennial Locked 2025 to 2031 Locked 2025 to 2033 Locked until 2025 and 2027	10 to 60 days 45 to 95 days N/A N/A N/A

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

3. Investments (continued)

- (a) This class includes investment managers that take a bottoms-up approach to their investment methodology, seeking long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in publicly traded securities. Most of the funds place a focus on meeting company management expectations, analyzing market positions and financial metrics. Other funds in the category utilize quantitative models for their portfolio construction. There are ten active investments in this class.
- (b) This class includes hedge fund strategies that have flexible mandates providing portfolio diversification. There are ten active investments in this class.
- (c) This category is represented by investment managers that take several different approaches including directly investing in companies, committing to other private equity funds as part of fund-of-funds approach, or acquiring limited partnership interests in funds or companies as part of a secondary strategy. This category is highly diversified and is represented by twenty-seven active private equity partnerships in this class.
- (d) This class is represented by eight investments. These investments focus on investing in Venture Partnerships that invest in technology-based and healthcare companies, at the seed and early-stage levels. There are fourteen active investments in this class.
- (e) This category is invested in Private Equity Funds which invest in various natural resource opportunities. These investments represent a diversified group of "real assets." There are two active investments in this class.

4. Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets

The following reflect the Foundation's financial assets and resources available as of December 31, to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year of the date of the statement of financial position:

		2024	2023
Financial Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,810,079	\$ 13,693,050
Investments	_	272,523,399	 243,542,917
Total Financial Assets		278,333,478	257,235,967
Less illiquid investments	_	(75,419,613)	 (63,587,584)
Financial Assets Available to Meet Cash Needs for			
General Expenditures Within One Year	\$	202,913,865	\$ 193,648,383

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

4. Liquidity and Availability of Financial Assets (continued)

The Foundation's working capital and cash flows are driven by its investment portfolio and investment return. As part of the Foundation's liquidity management strategy, the Foundation seeks to maintain adequate liquidity to meet its obligations, including planned expenditures as approved by the Board. The Foundation structures its financial assets to be available as its grant payments and other general liabilities come due. The Foundation will inform their investment advisor of any anticipated needs for liquidity, as such needs become known, and the investment advisor will make recommendations as to which investments should be sold. These sales will normally coincide with the Foundation's grant disbursement cycle and/or the need to rebalance the portfolio and other factors affecting available cash, including investment income, net capital calls and general operating expenses. None of the Foundation's financial assets, after reduction for illiquid investments, are subject to donor or other contractual restrictions that make them unavailable for funding cash flow requirements.

5. Expenses by Functional and Natural Classification

Expenses are presented by functional classification in alignment with the overall mission of the Foundation. Salary costs are allocated on the basis of time and effort. All other costs are allocated either by percentage of overall salary allocation or by square footage.

	2024					
	Dire	ect Charitable	Оре	rations and		
		Activities	Go	overnance		Total
Grants awarded, net of refunds	\$	7,992,649	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	7,992,649
Salaries and wages		2,211,391		755,334		2,966,725
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		1,054,467		556,124		1,610,591
Net periodic pension benefit		(8,775)		(10,724)		(19,499)
Legal and accounting fees		-		128,740		128,740
Other professional fees		275,765		259,801		535,566
Occupancy		212		381,070		381,282
Travel and meetings		113,751		30,064		143,815
Printing and design		59,242		14,811		74,053
Office expenses		26,591		76,942		103,533
Information technology		56,709		246,069		302,778
Insurance		-		134,477		134,477
Outreach and public events		87,286		45,838		133,124
Miscellaneous		3,457		67,468		70,925
		3,880,096		2,686,014		6,566,110
Total	\$	11,872,745	\$	2,686,014	\$	14,558,759

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

5. Expenses by Functional and Natural Classification (continued)

	2023					
	Dire	ect Charitable	Ope	rations and		
		Activities	Go	vernance		Total
Grants awarded, net of refunds	\$	9,288,827	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	9,288,827
Salaries and wages		2,145,998		905,922		3,051,920
Payroll taxes and employee benefits		883,498		565,500		1,448,998
Net periodic pension benefit		(4,874)		(5,958)		(10,832)
Legal and accounting fees		55,737		89,824		145,561
Other professional fees		160,946		303,420		464,366
Occupancy		132,865		199,298		332,163
Travel and meetings		85,337		48,882		134,219
Printing and design		69,575		-		69,575
Office expenses		20,937		105,595		126,532
Information technology		266,406		155,131		421,537
Insurance		41,170		65,574		106,744
Outreach and public events		54,465		21,729		76,194
Miscellaneous		10,617		14,501		25,118
		3,922,677		2,469,418		6,392,095
Total	\$	13,211,504	\$	2,469,418	\$	15,680,922

6. Taxes

The Foundation is subject to a federal excise tax of 1.39% of its net investment income. The Foundation provides for deferred federal excise tax on the net unrealized appreciation of the fair value of investments at the rate applicable for the following year. In addition, the Foundation's investment in certain alternative investments gives rise to unrelated business income taxed at general corporate rates.

7. Retirement Plan

Retirement benefits under a defined contribution plan are provided to eligible full-time employees who have completed six months of continuous service. The Foundation makes contributions to the plan equal to 15% of employee eligible compensation, as defined in the plan document, subject to statutory limitations. Retirement plan expense was \$385,905 and \$359,812 for 2024 and 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

8. Postretirement Healthcare Benefits

In addition to the retirement plan, the Foundation sponsors an unfunded plan to provide certain health care benefits for retirees of the Foundation. The Foundation funds its postretirement benefits costs on a pay as you go basis.

Information as of and for the years ended December 31, for the plan is as follows:

	2024	2023
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$ 2,306,443	\$ 2,481,316
Net postretirement benefit costs	247,811	201,782
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Unrecognized actuarial gain	(288,186)	(131,000)
Benefits paid	134,498	128,281
Discount rate used	5.54%	4.78%
Components of Net Periodic Expense		
for the Year		
Service cost	\$ 132,812	\$ 84,333
Interest cost	114,999	117,449
	\$ 247,811	\$ 201,782
	0004	0000
	2024	2023
Effect of a one-percent point		
increase in HCCTR* on		
Year end benefit obligation	\$ 362,294	\$ 399,730
Total of service and interest		
cost component	38,090	54,986
Effect of a one-percent point		
decrease in HCCTR* on		
Year end benefit obligation	292,906	321,212
Total of service and interest		
cost component	(52,185)	(29,929)

^{*} Health Care Cost Trend Rate

Measurements used to determine the postretirement benefit obligation for 2024 and 2023 were computed as of December 31. For measurement purposes, a 6.13% annual rate of increase in per capita cost of covered health benefits was assumed for 2025, decreasing to 5% in 2027 and thereafter.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

8. Postretirement Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Net benefits expected to be paid in each of the next five years and the following five years in the aggregate are as follows:

2025	\$ 165,000
2026	174,000
2027	174,000
2028	138,000
2029	145,000
5 years thereafter	790,000

9. Lease Commitments

On February 17, 2022, the Foundation signed a license agreement with the Markle Foundation, for a portion of the space leased by the Markle Foundation at 1270 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY, which expires in July 2027.

The non-variable rent expense component for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$293,026. The variable rent expense component amounted to \$77,017 and \$30,420 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. Total cash paid for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$443,299 and \$185,919.

The weighted-average discount rate as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, was 3.20%. The weighted-average remaining lease term in years for operating leases as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 was 2.58 and 3.58.

The future minimum annual rental commitment under this lease as of December 31, 2024 are:

2025	\$ 366,282
2026	366,282
2027	 213,665
Total undiscounted operating lease payments	 946,229
Less: Present value discount	 39,215
Present value of operating lease liabilities	\$ 907,014

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

10. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Foundation's financial instruments that are potentially exposed to concentration of credit risk consist of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The Foundation places its cash and cash equivalents with quality financial institutions. The Foundation invests in commodities, marketable securities, mutual funds, hedge funds and alternative investments including absolute return funds, private equity investments, venture capital investments and real assets. At times, cash balances may be in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limits. The Foundation routinely assesses the financial strength of its cash, cash equivalents and investment portfolio. As a consequence, concentrations of credit risk are limited.

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